

Global GreenTag EPD Program: Compliant to ISO14025





Carpet Roll

Tretford Limited

IDA Industrial Park, Cork, Road, Waterford Ireland



Carpet roll

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This Environmental Product Declaration (EPD) discloses potential environmental outcomes compliant with ISO 14025 for business-to-business communication. Different program EPDs may not be comparable as e. g. Australian transport is more than elsewhere. **Further explanatory information is found at** http://www.globalgreentag.com/ or contact: certification1@globalgreentag.com © This EPD remains the property of Global GreenTag Pty Ltd.



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1. Details of This Declaration

The declared Tretford® Carpet Roll floorcovering was made by Waterford Carpets Limited in Waterford, Ireland in 2019 for sale with a 10 years warranty. It is depicted on the cover and inset opposite. More detail is at https://gibbonarchitectural.com.au/tretford-roll-tile/

Program GreenTag Global Pty Ltd hereafter called Global

Operator GreenTag

EPD Number WAT:R01:2021

Date issue 30th June 2021

Validity 30th June 2024

Reference PCR Compliant with PCR IF: 2021 Floorcoverings
Time Made in and sold from 2019 for 20 years use

Geography Made in Ireland. Uses are assumed as for Australasia.

Application Carpet roll for floorcovering to enhance comfort

Functional units Tretford® carpet roll 2.95kg per square metre 20y use cradle to grave



2. Product Characterisation

Definition Tretford® Roll by Waterford Carpet Ltd for commercial and residential interiors

Standard ASISO 9239.1-2003 Part 1: Reaction to Fire Tests for Floorings Determination of the

Burning Behaviour using a Radiant Heat Source

3. Verification of this Declaration

This EPD was approved on 3rd June 2020 according to requirements of ISO14025 8.1.3b.

Role	Name	Position	Signature
PCR Review Chair	Murray Jones	Ecquate Pty Ltd CEO	A A A A A Aman
LCA & EPD Developer	Delwyn Jones	The Evah Institute CEO	Lefyn Jones Wady ver
3 rd Party LCA Verifier	Mathilde Vlieg	Sustainability Consultant	20 06 2021
Internal EPD Audit	David Baggs	Global GreenTag CEO & Program Director	70.00d 2777

4. Green Star® Certified Credits

Products are relevant to the Green Building Council of Australia's (GBCA) Green Star® scheme. If required this EPD is evidence the declared product meets the following Green Star® credits. It may be used as evidence in Green Star® submissions for those credits. The product is certified by GBCA recognised Global GreenTag GreenRate to meet the following credits of Green Star®:

- Interiors V1.2: Sustainable Products
- Design and As Built V1.2: Sustainable Product
- Performance V1.2: Refurbishment Materials
- Interiors V1.2: Indoor Pollutants
- Design and As Built V1.2: Indoor Pollutants

GBCA Disclaimer

Green Star® is a registered mark of the Green Building Council of Australia (GBCA). Assessments shall not be reproduced in part at any time. Rating Tools and Technical Manuals are subject to change by the GBCA. This EPD provides Technical Opinion and as such is not endorsed by the GBCA or its agents. Green Star® Technical Manuals give technical details of credit requirements.



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5. Base Material Origin and Detail

Table 1 lists key components by function, type, source and mass % amount. All components to <0.001% were modelled but under 1% content not all chemical names are shown to protect intellectual property.

Table 1 Product Base Material

Function	Component	Origin	Amount %
Adhesive binder	Polyvinylchloride	UK	>32 <36
Adhesive plasticiser	Dioctyl terephthalate	UK	>24 <28
Face fibre	Goat hair	China	>24 <26
Carrier backing	Jute hessian	India	>9 <10
Face fibre	Solution dyed nylon 6	Germany	>4.5 <5.0
Face fibre	Rayon viscose	Germany	>1.8 <2.0
Adhesive plasticiser	Epoxidised soybean oil	Global	>1.5 <2.0
Adhesive clay	Basic aluminosilicates	UK	>0.3 <0.4
Minor components	Biocide, pigment, dye, stabiliser	Global	>0.1 <1.0

6. Life Cycle Impact Results

Table 2a shows Life Cycle Inventory results for 20 years product use/m².

Table 2a Cradle to Grave LCI and LCIA Results/ m² Functional Unit

Total Inventory	Unit	Amount
Product Mass	kg	2.95
Embodied Water	kl	2.3
Renewable Energy	MJ	61
Fossil Fuel Energy	MJ	369

Table 2b shows Life Cycle Impact Assessment results for 20 years product use/m².

Table 2b Cradle to Grave LCI and LCIA Results/m² Functional Unit

Potential Impact	Unit	Amount
Global Warming	kg CO _{2e 100}	16.9
Stratospheric Ozone Loss	kg R11 _e	1.8E-09
Acidification Land & Water	kg SO _{2e}	9.0E-06
Eutrophication of Water	kg PO ₄ ³-e	1.7E-06
Ecosystem Quality Damage	PDF*m ² *yr	1.5E-04
Human Health Damages	DALY	1.5E-03
Depletion of Fossil Fuel	MJ _{surplus}	20.2
Depletion of Minerals	MJ _{surplus}	0.024



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7. Packaging, Installation, Use & Disposal

Packaging Cardboard forms & cartons, plastic wrap & strapping on reused pallets.

Service life Residential and commercial refits vary but 20-year life is assumed typical.

Health Safety & Environment

Apart from compliance to occupational and workplace health safety and environmental laws no additional personal protection is considered essential.

Residual Scrap Mill off-cuts are reclaimed. Installation scrap of 5% is assumed to landfill.

Maintenance The recommended cleaning and maintenance raise no ecosystem or human

health concerns. Care and maintenance guides are on company websites.

Scenario Weekly vacuum, machine deep clean shampoo and air dry at six-month intervals.

Recycling Home mill, fabrication and installation scrap is reworked into new product.

Re-use This study assumes 60% product is serviceable for reuse over 40 more years.

Disposal It assumes 30% is recycled. Incineration is rare in Australia so none is modelled.

8. Whole of life Performance

Health Protection The product does not contain levels of carcinogenic, toxic or hazardous substances that warrant ecological or human health concern cradle to grave.

No issues or red-light concerns existed for product human or ecological toxicity.

Effluent

The LCI results raised no red-light concerns in emissions to water1.

Waste

Cradle to grave waste to landfill was 1% hazardous and 99% non-hazardous.

Environmental Protection

Continuous improvement under the maker's ISO14001 EMS aims to avoid toxics,

waste and pollution plus reduce their material and energy use.

Environmental Health Effects

Installed products are certified as having VOC's compliant with Green Star® IEQ

VOC credits for indoor environment² quality credits.

No other potential in-use impacts on environment or health are known.

¹ According with national standards in ANZECC Guideline for Fresh & Marine Water Quality (2000)

² in accordance with national standards and practice



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9. Supply Chain Modelling

Processes to acquire, refine, transport, fabricate, coat, use, clean, repair, reuse and dispose of metal, masonry, ceramic, timber, glass, plastic and composites are modelled from cradle to grave.

The study excludes scope 3 burdens from building capital facilities, churn updates and equipment; noise and dehydration as well as incidental activities and travel of employees engaged on-site in production facilities. A flow chart in Figure 1 shows key product supply chain operations including:

- Mining, extracting and refining resources to make commodities and packaging;
- Acquiring, cultivating, harvesting, extracting, refining produce and biomass;
- Fuel production to supply power and process energy and freight;
- Chemicals use in processing resources, intermediates and ancillaries;
- Process energy, fuel and freight of resources, intermediates and ancillaries;
- Use, cleaning, recoating, repair, recycling, re-use and landfill, as well as
- Infrastructure process energy transformed and material wear loss e. g. tyres.

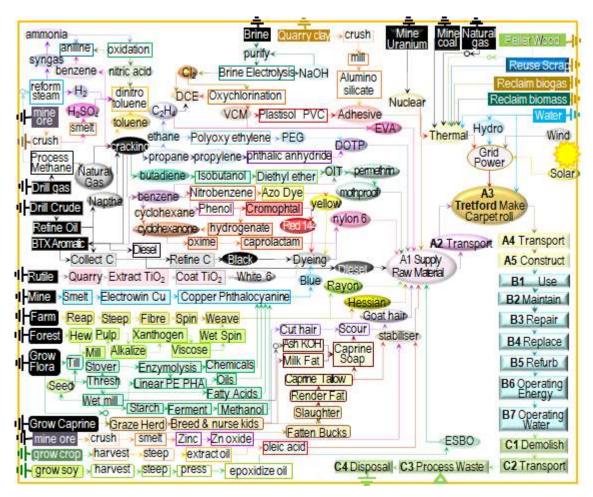


Figure 1 Major Product Operations



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10. Life Cycle Assessment Method

LCA Author Study Period LCA Method LCIA method The Evah Institute as described at www.evah.com.au
Factory data was collected from 2019 to 2020
Compliant with ISO 14040 and ISO 14044 Standards

EcoIndicator 99 Life Cycle Impact (LCIA) Assessment

Scope
Phases
Assumptions

Cradle to Fate including all supply chain phases and stages depicted in Figure a. The LCA covered all known flows in all known stages cradle to end of life fate.

Use is to typical Australian Facility Management professional practice.

Scenarios

Use, cleaning, maintenance plus disposal and re-use were scenario-based using Facility Management Association denoted and published typical operations.

The LCA system boundary depicted in Figure a includes all operations

System Boundaries

- A1-A3 production with upstream supply & transport;
- A4 package & deliver & A5 construct;
- B1 use with cleaning, B2 maintain, B3 repair, B5 refurbish,
- C1 demolish, C2 transport and C4 disposal

All significant resource acquisition, water, fuel & energy use, power generation & distribution, freight, refining, intermediates, manufacture, scrap re-use and goods inwards packaging are included cradle to gate. Cradle to Grave scope includes packing and dispatch as well as installation, use, maintenance, landfill waste and emission flows from all supply chain operations involved to make, pack and install repair and demolish product.

Processes

Modeling
Phases
Modules
supplied
Modeling

Cradle to Grave
Cradle to Gate+options
Cradle to Gate

LUNG V	tual	Victoria I	-	nario	T		2000				LESK E	e 1:e	28
Produce		Cons	truct	Building Fabric & Operation				End of life					
A1	A2	АЗ	A4	A5	В1	B2	В3	В4	B5	C1	C2	С3	C4
Resource supply Transport Manufacturing	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction	Use	Maintain	Repair	Replace	Refurbish	sh	ort	Process Waste	Disposal	
son	Transport	in the	usb	ıstı	B6 0	perat	ing E	nerg	y use	Demolish Transport			
A Tra		Tra	Col	B7 O	perat	ing V	Vater	use	Del	Ta	Pro	Dis	
Mandatory each phase				Mandatory for each and every					y ph	ase			
				Option	nal for	each	and	every	pha	se			

	eyor	nd dary
D 1,	23	
Reuse	Recovery	Recycling
(Optio	nal
(Optio	nal

Figure a Phases and Stages Cradle to Grave

Evah industry databases cover all known domestic and global scope 1 and 2 operations. They exclude scope 3 burdens from capital facilities, equipment churn, noise and dehydration as well as incidental activities and employee commuting. The databases exist in top zones of commercial global modelling and calculating engines. Electricity supply models in active databases are updated annually. As each project is modelled with new data the databases are updated and audited by external 3rd party verifiers. Quality control methods ensure:

- Coverage of place in time with all information for each dataset noted, checked and updated;
- Consistency to Evah guidelines for all process technology, transport and energy demand;
- Completeness of modeling based on in-house reports, literature and industry reviews;
- Plausibility in 2-way checks of LCI input and output flows of data checked for validity, plus
- Mathematical correctness of all calculations in mass and energy balance cross checks.



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11. Data Sources Representativeness and Quality

Primary data used for modelling the state of art of each operation includes all known process for:

- Technology sequences;
- Energy and water use;
- Landfill and effluent plus

- Reliance on raw and recycled material;
- High and reduced process emissions;
- Freight and distribution systems.

Primary data is sourced from clients, Annual Reports and their publications on corporate locations, logistics, technology use, market share, management systems, standards and commitment to improved environmental performance. Information on operations is also sourced from client:

- · Supply chain mills, their technical manuals, corporate annual reports and sector experts, and
- Manufacturing specifications websites and factory site development license applications.

Background data is sourced from the International Energy Agency, IBISWorld, USGS Minerals, Franklin Associates, Boustead 6, Plastics Europe, CML2, Simapro 8, EcoInvent 3 and NREL USLCI model databases. Information on operations is also sourced from:

- · Library, document, NPI and web searches, review papers, building manuals and
- Global Industry Association and Government reports on Best Available Technology (BAT).

For benchmarking, comparison and integrity checks inventory data is developed to represent BAT, business as usual and worst practice options with operations covering industry sector supply and infrastructure in Australia and overseas.

Such technology, performance and license conditions were modelled and evaluated across mining, farming, forestry, freight, infrastructure and manufacturing and building industry sectors since 1995.

As most sources do not provide estimates of accuracy, a pedigree matrix of uncertainty estimates to 95% confidence levels of Geometric Standard Deviation² (σ_g) is used to define quality as in Table a³.

Table a Data Quality Parameters and Uncertainty (U)

Correlation	Metric σ _g	U ±0.01	U ±0.05	U ±0.10	U ±0.20	U ±0.30
Deliability	Reporting	Site Audit	Expert verify	Region	Sector	Academic
Reliability	Sample	>66% trend	>25% trend	>10% batch	>5% batch	<1% batch
Commission	Including	>50%	>25%	>10%	>5%	<5%
Completion	Cut-off	0.01%w/w	0.05%w/w	0.1%w/w	0.5%w/w	1%w/w
Townsel	Data Age	<3 years	≤5 years	<10 years	<15 years	>16 years
Temporal	Duration	>3 years	<3 years	<2 years	1 year	<1 year
Caamanhu	Focus	Process	Line	Plant	Corporate	Sector
Geography	Range	Continent	Nation	Plant	Line	Process
Technology	Typology	Actual	Comparable	In Class	Convention	In Sector

No data set with >±30% uncertainty is used without notation in the LCA as well as the EPD.

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³ Evah Institute data quality control system accords with UNEP SETAC Global LCI Database Quality 2010 Guidelines



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12. Supply Chain Modelling Assumptions

Australian building sector rules and Evah assumptions applied are defined in Table b.

Table b Scope Boundaries Assumptions and Metadata

Quality/Domain National including Import and Export Process Model Typical industry practice with currently most common or best (BAT) technology Resource flows Regional data for resource mapping, fuels, energy, electricity and logistics Temporal Project & background data was collated 3 years to declaration approval date. Geography Designated client, site, regional, national, Pacific Rim then global jurisdiction Representation Designated client, their suppliers and energy supply chains back to the cradle Consistency Model all operations by known given operations with closest proximity Technology Typical of global or Pacific Rim supply chain 3 years to declaration approval date. Functional Unit Typical product with cleaning & disposal used for declared years' service life/m² System Control IEA, USGS Minerals, IBISWorld, Boustead, Government & Industry reports Data mix Power grid & renewable shares updated to latest IEA & power generator reports Operational Company data for process performance, product share, waste and emissions Logistics Local data is used for power, fuel mix, water supply, logistics share & capacity New Data Entry VilegLCA, Evah Institute; Global Green Tag Researchers at declaration date Data Publisher All contributors cited in	Table b ocop	e Doundaries Assumptions and Metadata
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Validity Checks	Sensitivity	Calculated U is reported & compared to Bath U RICE & EcoInvent libraries
	Validity Checks	Are made versus Plastics Europe, Ecobilan, GaBi & or Industry LCA Literature



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14. Reviewers Report Conclusions

The independent LCA reviewer's report confirmed that the LCA project report and addition information addressed the EPD. The verifier was not involved in developing the LCA or EPD and has no conflict of interests from their organisational position.

While the report is confidential its conclusions confirmed that documentation according to set ISO Standard requirements was provided including evidence from the:

The Evah Institute, the LCA developer: a) Recipes of input and output data of unit processes used for LCA calculations b) Datasheets of measures, calculations, estimates and emails with sources as in Table 6 e) References to literature and databases from which data was extracted as noted in Table 6 g) Notes on supply chain processes and scenarios satisfying requirements of this Standard i) Embodied Energy shares as used for sensitivity analyses re ISO 14044:2006, 4.5.3.3 j) Proof percentages or figures in calculations in the end-of-life scenario k) Notes on proof of % and allocation calculations o) All operations covered Vs criteria and substantiation used to determine system boundaries **Product Manufacturer in:** c) Specifications used to create the manufacturer's product d) Citations, references, specifications or regulations & data showing completeness f) Specification demonstrating that the building product can fulfil the intended use The Certifier Global GreenTag on: I) Notes and calculation of averages of different locations yielding generic data m) Substantiating additional environmental information ISO 14025:2006, 7.2.4 n) Procedures for data collection, questionnaires, instructions, confidentiality deeds Requiring No Evidence: As the EPD is cradle to grave as well as PCR compliant the independent reviewer did not need to: h) Substantiate a few stages as all stages were substantiated $\sqrt{}$ p) Substantiate alternatives when no other choices and assumptions were applied q) Demonstrate consistency for few stages as the same rules in Tables 5 and 6 applied to all.



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This Environmental Product Declaration (EPD) discloses potential environmental outcomes compliant with ISO 14025 for business-to-business communication.

Further and explanatory information is found at

http://www.globalgreentag.com/ or contact:

certification1@globalgreentag.com



Global GreenTagCertTM EPD Program
Environmental Product Declaration
Compliant to ISO 14025

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